

Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan

Summary Plan Description

(Marathon Cash Balance Retirement Benefit Only)

Effective October 1, 2022

This is an updated summary plan description (“SPD”) for the Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan (“Plan”). Keep this SPD for future reference.

If you received this SPD by electronic means, you have the right to request and receive a hardcopy version of same at no charge by contacting the Plan Administrator at the contact information provided under the “Other Plan Information” section of this SPD.



Retirement Plan

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

What is This Document?

This document describes the terms of the Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan (the “Plan”) that apply if you only have a cash balance type of benefit relating only to your Marathon (or its affiliates) employment after December 31, 2009, and constitutes the summary plan description (“SPD”) of the Plan as required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (“ERISA”).

Since this is a summary, the description does not cover every provision of the Plan. Many complex concepts have been simplified or omitted in order to present a more understandable Plan description. If the Plan description is incomplete or if there is any inconsistency between the information provided here and the official Plan text, the provisions of the official Plan text will apply to the extent permitted by law.

What Action Do I Need to Take?

You should review this SPD and keep it for future reference. Also, this SPD may from time to time be updated with a Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) describing certain changes to the Plan. You should also review any SMM and keep all of the SMMs for future reference.

Class of Participants and Beneficiaries Covered by This SPD; Separate SPDs

This version of the SPD describes the Plan’s provisions as they apply to participants and their beneficiaries who are eligible only for the Plan’s cash balance benefit as noted above. Separate versions of the SPD describe the Plan’s frozen legacy retirement benefit, frozen Andeavor plan benefits, frozen Catlettsburg plan benefits, and frozen Northwestern plan benefits as applicable to certain Plan participants and beneficiaries.



Retirement Plan

USING THIS SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Plan is a defined benefit type pension plan sponsored by Marathon Petroleum Company LP (“Marathon”). The Plan provides benefits to eligible employees of Marathon and other Participating Employers.

This document is the summary plan description (“SPD”) for the Plan. This SPD describes the provisions of the Plan as in effect on October 1, 2022.

This document summarizes the terms of the Plan, including the particular eligibility requirements for coverage, the benefits provided, the conditions that must be met to qualify for Plan benefits, and the times and forms of payment of Plan benefits, plus certain other Plan provisions.

Plan provisions varied in the past and may change in the future. Marathon reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan and any other benefit plan at any time without any advance notice, except such notice as may be required by applicable law.

Some special Plan provisions are not fully described in this SPD. Usually, these special provisions are the result of corporate transactions or agreements between Marathon Petroleum Corporation (or one or more of its subsidiaries or affiliates) and other companies, or are the result of past changes to certain Plan rules. You may obtain more information about these special provisions by contacting the Plan Administrator. Refer to the “Contact Information” section below for information about how to contact the Plan Administrator.

The Plan is a complex and technical legal document. Although every effort has been made to make the description in this SPD as accurate as possible, this SPD does not include every relevant detail of the Plan. To the extent this SPD conflicts with the official Plan document, the official Plan document controls. Your right to any benefits under the Plan depends on the actual facts and the terms and conditions of Plan documents, and no rights accrue by reason of, or arising out of, any statement shown in or omitted from this SPD.

This SPD is not intended to, nor does it, create a contract of employment with Marathon or any member of the Marathon Controlled Group.

IMPORTANT: If you terminated your employment with Marathon and all members of the Marathon Controlled Group prior to the effective date of this SPD, different Plan provisions may apply to you.

CONTACT INFORMATION

Fidelity Workplace Services LLC (“Fidelity”) provides recordkeeping services to Plan participants and beneficiaries. Fidelity is the Plan’s recordkeeper.

Many Plan transactions can be initiated by logging onto the Fidelity NetBenefitsSM website, available at www.netbenefits.com/marathonpetroleum, or by calling Fidelity at 1-866-602-0595. Refer to the “Other Plan Information” section below for Fidelity’s address.

Also, refer to the “Other Plan Information” section below for the contact information for the Plan Administrator and the Plan’s Trustee.



Retirement Plan

PURPOSE OF THE PLAN

The Plan's purpose is to provide you with income after your retirement.

The Plan is intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ("Internal Revenue Code") and is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA").

MARATHON CONTROLLED GROUP; PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER

Marathon Controlled Group

As used in this SPD, "Marathon Controlled Group" means the companies and other entities included with Marathon Petroleum Company LP ("Marathon") in a single group determined under Internal Revenue Code Sections 414(b), (c), (m), (n), or (o).

This term is used in this SPD, because it is important for various Plan rules. For example, you cannot take payment of your Plan benefit until you terminate employment from all members of the Marathon Controlled Group.

Participating Employer

As used in this SPD, "Participating Employer" means the companies and other entities in the Marathon Controlled Group that participate in the Plan. Marathon is a Participating Employer. The other current Participating Employers are listed in the table in the section below titled "Other Plan Information." The Participating Employers may change from time to time as determined by Marathon.

This term is used in this SPD, because it is important for various Plan rules. For example, only your compensation earned for employment with a Participating Employer is taken into account for determining your Plan benefit.

ELIGIBILITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PLAN

Who is Eligible

To participate in the Plan, you must either have an undistributed benefit in the Plan or be an eligible employee.

In general, you are an eligible employee if you are classified as an employee of Marathon or another Participating Employer, and you are not in an excluded category.

You are eligible to begin earning a benefit under the Plan on your first day of employment with a Participating Employer if you meet the above requirements and are not excluded in one of the categories outlined in "Who is Not Eligible" section below.



Retirement Plan

Who is not Eligible

You are not an eligible employee and cannot actively participate in the Plan if you are:

- A leased employee.
- Not a U.S. citizen, unless you are a non-U.S. citizen hired in the U.S. to perform services in the U.S.
- An independent contractor, even if reclassified as a common-law employee.
- Covered by a collective bargaining agreement with a member of the Marathon Controlled Group that does not expressly provide for your participation in the Plan.
- Covered by an agreement specifying that you are not eligible to participate in the Retirement Plan.
- Not classified as an employee on a Participating Employer's payroll, even if you are reclassified as a common law employee by a third party.
- An employee participating in another retirement plan contributed to by a member of the Marathon Controlled Group, other than the Marathon Petroleum Thrift Plan and this Plan.

If you terminate employment and are subsequently reemployed by a Participating Employer, your active participation in the Plan will resume on the first day of your reemployment, provided that you are at that time an eligible employee.

When Participation Begins

Once you meet the eligibility requirements, you automatically become an active participant in the Plan. You do not need to enroll.

When Participation Ends

You are no longer an active participant in the Plan on the day you terminate employment from a Participating Employer or otherwise cease to meet the Plan's eligibility requirements.

You continue as an inactive participant in the Plan if you have an undistributed vested benefit under the Plan. As an inactive participant, you will not earn any additional Pay Credits, but your notional Cash Balance account will continue to receive Interest Credits as provided for under the Plan until you have received payment of all of your vested benefits under the Plan.

PLAN COSTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS

Marathon and each Participating Employer pay the costs of the Plan.

All contributions to the Plan are held in a trust fund set up to provide future Plan benefits and to pay Plan expenses.



Retirement Plan

VESTING

Your benefit under the Plan normally vests after three years of Vesting Service. Being “vested” in your Plan benefit means that you have a right to a benefit under the Plan after your employment with the Marathon Controlled Group ends.

If you terminate employment with all companies that are part of the Marathon Controlled Group before completing at least three years of Vesting Service, in most cases your Plan benefit is forfeited. In this situation you are not eligible for a benefit under the Plan.

Even if you do not have three years of Vesting Service, you are vested in your Plan benefit if any of the following apply:

- You reach age 65 during employment with the Marathon Controlled Group.
- You terminate employment with the Marathon Controlled Group due to death or disability. Disability for this purpose is defined in the Plan.
- You are involuntarily terminated from your employment with the Marathon Controlled Group within 24 months of a change in control. Change in control for this purpose is defined in the Plan.
- Marathon has determined that some other event has occurred which should result in your becoming fully vested.

Vesting Service

For vesting purposes, “service” means the length of time in months during which you either receive or are entitled to receive pay from a Participating Employer or another member of the Marathon Controlled Group. You are credited with a year of Vesting Service if you are compensated or entitled to compensation by a Participating Employer or a member of the Marathon Controlled Group for 1,000 hours or more in a Service Year.

You also receive service credit for time during which you are laid off (if such layoff is for less than 12 consecutive months) or on an approved leave status with a member of the Marathon Controlled Group, or you are a “leased employee” (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) for a Participating Employer or a member of the Marathon Controlled Group.

A “Service Year” consists of 12 months of service that begins on the date you first perform an hour of service. For calculating Vesting Service after your first Service Year of employment, the period for further Vesting Service calculations is changed to the Plan Year (the calendar year). The first calendar year measurement period will be the calendar year that follows the date you first perform an hour of service.

For purposes of the 1,000-hour requirement: a non-exempt employee’s actual hours worked are counted; an exempt employee is credited with 45 hours for a weekly payroll and 90 hours for a bi-weekly payroll; and, a non-exempt or exempt employee on an approved leave of absence is credited with 45 hours for a weekly payroll and 90 hours for a bi-weekly payroll.

Service credit (as well as benefits) with respect to qualified military service are provided in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 414(u).

Additional service crediting rules for purposes of determining an employee’s Vesting Service also apply — for example, with respect to business or companies acquired by Marathon or its affiliates, for certain service as a so-called “leased employee,” various leaves of absences, and other special situations.

Retirement Plan

HOW YOUR PLAN BENEFIT IS CALCULATED

Cash Balance Retirement Benefit

To the extent that you are employed by a Participating Employer after December 31, 2009, and are otherwise eligible for the Plan, you will be entitled to a Plan benefit called a “Cash Balance Retirement Benefit” when you become vested. This means your benefit will be determined under a lump-sum based formula, which will take into account your annual Pay Credits and monthly Interest Credits. Your accumulated Pay and Interest Credits are your “Cash Balance,” which is reflected in the Plan’s records as a notional Cash Balance account.

When you retire, the vested amount credited to your notional Cash Balance account will be your Cash Balance Retirement Benefit.

References to your “Plan benefit” in this SPD mean your Cash Balance Retirement Benefit.

Pay Credits

Under the cash balance formula, as an active Plan participant you receive annual “Pay Credits” equal to a percentage of your Cash Balance Compensation based on your Plan points. Plan points equal the sum of your age and Cash Balance Service.

For example, if you are 40 years old and have 15 years of Cash Balance Service, you will have a total of 55 plan points. If you are 55 years old and have 25 years of Cash Balance Service, you will have a total of 80 plan points.

The Pay Credit percentage rates are as follows:

Your Plan Points	Your Pay Credit Percentage
Less than 50 points	7%
50 to 69 points	9%
70 or more points	11%

Interest Credits

Your Cash Balance Retirement Benefit will also grow with monthly Interest Credits. As of the last day of each calendar month, an “Interest Credit” will be added to your Cash Balance Benefit. This Interest Credit is calculated by multiplying your cash balance as of the first day of the calendar month times one-twelfth of the interest crediting rate in effect for the calendar year. The interest crediting rate for a calendar year is the greater of 3% or the average annual rate of interest on 30-year Treasury securities (which is set each January 1 based on the rates in effect for the preceding August, September and October).



Retirement Plan

Cash Balance Compensation

“Cash Balance Compensation” generally includes wages and salaries for time worked, including amounts you elect to contribute or defer under the Marathon Petroleum Section 125 and/or Health Care Flexible Spending Account Plans, or under the Marathon Petroleum Thrift Plan, and it excludes reimbursements or other expense allowances, fringe benefits, deferred compensation, prizes, premiums for group term life insurance, welfare benefits, certain amounts related to long-term incentive awards, payment for accrued vacation or other leave paid after termination of employment, and salary continuation or severance paid after termination of employment.

Cash Balance Compensation does not include long-term incentive award type compensation, for example, amounts realized from restricted stock unit, performance share or other awards under a long-term incentive plan of Marathon or an affiliate.

Cash Balance Compensation does not include amounts earned for service with a member of the Marathon Controlled Group that is not Participating Employer, or amounts earned while not an eligible employee under the Plan.

Cash Balance Compensation is also subject to applicable annual limits under the Internal Revenue Code.

Cash Balance Service

Your “Cash Balance Service” is the sum of (a) the number of calendar months after December 31, 2009, during which you are eligible employee under the Plan, including any period you are on an approved paid or unpaid leave from a Participating Employer, and (b) your years of Vesting Service (if any) under the Plan as of December 31, 2009.

In certain uncommon situations, your months of service under (a) above also includes service during which you were employed by a member of the Marathon Controlled Group, but not eligible for the Plan, but you became eligible due to promotion, or you participated in another retirement plan sponsored by a member of the Marathon Controlled Group that is not a Participating Employer and you become eligible to participate in the Plan due to your transfer to a Participating Employer.

Your Cash Balance Service may also include your service at a prior employer where Marathon or one of its affiliates acquired that company or its business and a special service crediting rule under the Plan applies to you as a result of that transaction.

WHEN AND HOW YOUR PLAN BENEFIT IS PAID

When Your Plan Benefit is Payable

Your Plan benefit is only payable after you terminate employment from the Marathon Controlled Group with a vested benefit.

Normal Retirement Age is age 65. When you reach that age, you can retire and receive your Plan benefit beginning on the first day of the month immediately after you reach age 65.

If you work past age 65, you will continue to earn additional Plan benefits under the same formula as before age 65.



Retirement Plan

Your vested benefit is also payable at any age prior to age 65. You can choose to receive your Plan benefit if you terminate employment with a vested benefit **before** you reach Normal Retirement Age, **regardless of your age at that time.** For example, if you terminate employment from the Marathon Controlled Group at age 30 with a vested Plan benefit, you can choose to receive your Plan benefit at that time.

Your Plan benefit can be paid as early as the first of the month following the month in which you terminate employment, provided that you timely submit all required and properly completed benefit election forms.

When it is time for your Plan benefit to begin, you will normally have a choice of whether to receive all of your Plan benefit in a lump sum payment or to receive one of several lifetime monthly pension payment options.

Deadline to Start Your Benefit

There is a mandatory deadline for you to start your benefit. This deadline rule works as follows:

- *If you terminate employment **before** Normal Retirement Age:* You must start payment of your vested benefit by the first day of the month following your attaining age 65 (this date is your “Normal Retirement Date”).
- *If you terminate employment **on or after** Normal Retirement Age:* You must start payment of your vested benefit immediately — by the first day of the month following your termination date.

If you do not timely apply to start payment of your vested benefit by the applicable deadline, then payment of your benefit may be required to automatically start and the payment form will be a single life annuity (explained below) if you are not married, or a joint and 50% survivor annuity (explained below). In this situation, you will not be permitted to choose an optional form of payment for your Plan benefit, including the Plan’s lump sum form of payment.

Termination of Employment Before Becoming Vested

If you terminate employment with the Marathon Controlled Group before you become vested, you are not eligible for a benefit under the Plan. In this event, any Plan benefit that accrued during your employment will be forfeited.

Benefit Estimates

To assist with retirement planning, the Fidelity NetBenefits website provides you with the ability to model your Plan benefit under different scenarios. You can access the benefit estimate modeling tool at www.netbenefits.com and logging into your NetBenefits account or by calling Fidelity at 1-866-602-0595.

The information that is provided is an estimate which assumes that Plan provisions will continue unchanged in the future, and which incorporates certain assumptions that you specify, such as your employment termination date, future salary changes and the actuarial factors that will apply in calculating optional amounts at future payment dates.



Retirement Plan

Although every effort is made to ensure the reliability of these estimates, errors can occur. An error can be due to incorrect personal information that is stored within the Plan's database or because an estimation tool does not correctly reflect a Plan provision or the application of your data to one or more Plan provisions. The Plan's actual payments must be based on verified personal data and actual Plan provisions, even if the resulting benefit is less than an estimated amount that was communicated to you.

Any benefit estimate or other information provided by Fidelity or any Plan representative or any employee of Marathon or one of its affiliates in no way alters what you are entitled to under the terms of the Plan or may otherwise be relied upon by you as part of your decision to start or delay the payment of your Plan benefit or to retire from employment with the Marathon Controlled Group.

How to Apply to Start Your Plan Benefit

To start your Plan benefit, you should contact the Marathon Benefits Center at Fidelity at 1-866-602-0595 at least 45 days, but not more than 180 days, prior to your desired "benefit commencement date," generally the same as your retirement date. (**Note:** The benefit commencement date does not refer to the actual disbursement date of retirement monies.)

If you are not satisfied with the results of your inquiry to the Marathon Benefits Center at Fidelity, you may file a formal claim. If you are not satisfied with the decision regarding your formal claim, you may then file a formal appeal of this decision. Your formal claim for benefits and the appeal (if any is filed) of that decision are each reviewed by the Plan Administrator. A more detailed explanation of the Plan's claim and appeal procedures is provided below in the section titled "Benefit Claim and Appeal Procedures."

How Your Plan Benefit Can be Paid

Your vested Plan benefit can be paid to you in one of the following ways.

- *Lump Sum Payment Form:* You may choose to receive payment of your Plan benefit in the form of a single lump sum payment. The amount of the lump sum will be the amount of your accumulated notional Cash Balance account under the Plan.

Automatic Cash-out of Small Benefit Rule: If the lump sum value of your Plan benefit is \$5,000 or less, a lump sum payment will automatically be made to you and you will not have an option to choose a monthly pension benefit instead. If the lump sum amount is greater than \$1,000 but less than \$5,000, it will be transferred into an individual retirement account ("IRA") in your name, unless you make a timely election to receive it in cash or to transfer it in a direct rollover to an eligible retirement account of your choosing. This rule also applies in the situation where the payment of your Plan benefit is triggered by your death.

Generally, you may roll over a lump sum distribution into an IRA or into another tax-qualified retirement plan (provided that other plan permits the rollover). More information on your rollover options will be provided to you at the time you elect your payment option for your Plan benefit.

Note: The Plan may be required to limit or suspend lump sum payments if the Plan's funding drops below a certain level, as required by federal law. As of the date of this SPD, the Plan is adequately funded to allow lump sums.



Retirement Plan

- *Annuity Payment Form:* Instead of choosing a lump sum payment, you may elect to receive your entire Plan benefit in the form of an annuity. The available types of annuities are:
 - *Single Life Annuity:* You may elect a single life annuity form of payment, which pays you a fixed monthly pension for your lifetime only; after you die, no further payments are made to anyone.
If you elect a single life annuity form, your Plan benefit will be converted to a monthly pension, based on interest rate and mortality factors specified in the Plan and assuming you start your benefit payments on the first day of the month after you reach Normal Retirement Age.
If you elect to start your benefits prior to your Normal Retirement Age, your Plan benefit annuity amount will be reduced to an “actuarial equivalent” amount for every month you choose to start collecting benefits before Normal Retirement Age using interest rate and mortality factors specified in the Plan.
 - *Joint and Survivor Annuity:* You may elect a joint and survivor annuity form of payment, which will pay you a reduced monthly amount during your lifetime, and will pay a specified percentage (25%, 50%, 75% or 100%) of your lifetime monthly annuity payment to your surviving spouse or designated beneficiary after your death. After you and your surviving spouse or designated beneficiary both die, no further payments are made to anyone.
 - *Life and Term Certain Annuity:* You may elect a life and term certain annuity form of payment, which will pay you a reduced monthly amount so long as you live, and continued payments to your designated beneficiary for the remainder of the time period you have elected, if you die before that time period ends. If you die after that time period ends, no payments will be made to your designated beneficiary. For this form of payment, you may elect as the term certain for the guaranteed payment a period of five, ten or 15 years.

The monthly payments under the various annuity forms of payment described above are calculated based on mortality and interest factors specified in the Plan, and the exact amount will vary depending on the form selected, interest rates at the time the payment option is effective, the time you elect to begin receiving benefits, your age, and your spouse’s or designated beneficiary’s age (if you elect a joint and survivor pension).

Spousal Consent Requirement

If you are married at the time your benefits are to begin, your spouse must sign a notarized consent (or sign a consent in the presence of an authorized Plan representative) to your choice of a lump sum, single life annuity, or any other payment form that does not include at least a 50% survivor annuity for the benefit of your spouse. You must use the consent form available under the Plan, which will be provided to you as part of your benefit payment election package.



Retirement Plan

Death Benefits

If you die while you are still employed by a member of the Marathon Controlled Group, your Plan benefit will be paid as follows:

- *If you are married at the time of your death*, your Plan benefit will be paid to your surviving spouse in the form of a monthly annuity for your spouse's lifetime. The amount of the monthly annuity will be equal to the actuarial equivalent (based on your surviving spouse's age) of your Plan benefit using the Plan's actuarial assumptions. In no event, however, will this monthly survivor annuity be less than: (1) 50% of the benefit which you would have been entitled to receive as a lifetime form of benefit if you had retired on the first day of the month in which your death occurred; or (2) the amount payable under a 50% joint and survivor annuity.

If your spouse is not more than ten years younger than you, no actuarial reduction will be made to the annuity. If your spouse is more than ten years younger than you, the annuity will be reduced to an amount which is equal to the amount your spouse would have been entitled to receive if you had elected the joint and 50% survivor annuity payment form, using an age for your spouse which is ten years younger than you.

Alternatively, your surviving spouse may elect to receive payment of your Plan benefit in the form of a single lump sum payment. The amount of the lump sum will be the amount of your accumulated notional Cash Balance account under the Plan.

- *If you are not married at the time of your death*, your Plan benefit will be paid in the form of a single lump sum payment to: (1) your designated beneficiary; or (2) if upon your death there is, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator, no designated beneficiary, to your estate.

If you die after you have terminated employment with all companies in the Marathon Controlled Group and before you have made a valid election for the payment of your Plan benefit, your Plan benefit will be paid as follows:

- *If you are married at the time of your death*, your Plan benefit will be paid to your surviving spouse in the form of a monthly annuity for your spouse's lifetime. The amount of the monthly annuity will be equal to the actuarial equivalent (based on your surviving spouse's age) of your Plan lump sum benefit using the Plan's actuarial assumptions.

If your spouse is not more than ten years younger than you, no actuarial reduction will be made to the annuity. If your spouse is more than ten years younger than you, the annuity will be reduced to an amount which is equal to the amount your spouse would have been entitled to receive if you had elected the joint and 50% survivor annuity payment form, using an age for your spouse which is ten years younger than you.

Alternatively, your surviving spouse may elect to receive payment your Plan benefit in the form of a single lump sum payment. The amount of the lump sum will be the amount of your accumulated notional Cash Balance account under the Plan.

- *If you are not married at the time of your death*, your Plan benefit will be paid in the form of a single lump sum payment to: (1) your designated beneficiary; or (2) if upon your death there is, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator, no designated beneficiary, to your estate.



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IMPORTANT: If you die after making a valid benefit election or beginning to receive a monthly annuity benefit under the Plan, any death benefits will be paid based on the form of payment you elected. If you elected a single life annuity (payments for your lifetime only), or already received a lump sum payment from the Plan, no death benefit is payable to anyone.

Proof of death and other documentation as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion is required before any Plan death benefits will be paid.

INFORMATION ABOUT TAXES

Here is a summary of the effect of current federal income taxes when you participate in a “qualified plan,” such as this Plan. The summary cannot cover all tax aspects of your Plan participation. Because tax laws and regulations often change, and because interpretations of tax rules change, this information may need updating after the date of this SPD. Current information will be covered in the Special Tax Notice you will be given when you request to take payment of your Plan benefit. In addition, you are encouraged to contact your personal tax adviser for information pertaining to your situation at the time you consider a distribution.

In general, annuity and lump sum payments are treated as ordinary income when paid. Payments may be subject to federal, state and local withholding taxes; you will be able to make certain elections regarding these withholding rules.

Because special rules apply to lump sum distributions, the rest of this tax summary deals with them.

Income Tax Withholding on Lump Sum Distributions

Generally, federal tax rules require that 20% of the taxable amount of your lump sum distribution be withheld from the distribution, unless your taxable proceeds are directly rolled over to an IRA or to another tax-qualified plan sponsored by another employer that accepts rollovers. This 20% withholding is credited to any federal income tax that you may owe.

Rollover Distributions

You can defer paying tax on your lump sum distribution by electing a rollover distribution instead of a payment directly to you. Since taxation is deferred, the distribution is not subject to the 10% federal (and possible state) penalty tax.

There are two types of rollover distributions. They are:

1. **Direct Rollover:** To avoid the mandatory 20% withholding, you must request a direct rollover of the taxable portion of your distribution. If you complete a direct rollover, the amount rolled over will not be currently taxable. You will, however, need to report on your income tax return that you completed a rollover. In addition, your benefit may be distributed partially in the form of a direct rollover and partially directly to you. The amount paid directly to you will be subject to the mandatory 20% withholding requirement and might be subject to the 10% federal (and possible state) penalty tax.
2. **Indirect Rollover:** With an indirect rollover, payment is made to you first. The Plan is required by federal law to withhold 20% of the taxable portion of your distribution for income taxes. The 20% withheld is credited to your federal taxes that are due. Within 60 days of the time you receive the distribution, you can roll over any portion of the amount that would otherwise be currently included in income. You can substitute other funds for the portion of the distribution that was withheld. Otherwise, you may be subject to current taxation on the amount withheld.



Retirement Plan

Surviving Spouses, Alternate Payees and Other Beneficiaries

If you are a surviving spouse or an alternate payee who is a former spouse of the employee who will receive a lump sum payment, you have the same choices as the employee. Thus, you can have the payment paid as a direct rollover or paid to you. If you have it paid to you, you may keep it or roll it over to an IRA or an employer plan in an indirect rollover.

If you are a beneficiary other than the surviving spouse, you can choose a direct rollover to an inherited IRA. An indirect rollover is not available. You generally will not be taxed on the amount you rolled over until you take the money out of the Inherited IRA, but special distribution rules may apply.

10% Penalty

In general, you will have to pay a 10% federal (and possible state) penalty tax in addition to ordinary income taxes on any currently taxable lump sum distribution. However, the penalty tax would not apply in the following situations:

- You are receiving monthly annuity payments.
- You are least age 59½.
- It is paid to your surviving spouse or beneficiary or estate upon your death.
- It is paid on account of your termination of employment on account of total disability (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code).
- It is paid to you on account of your employment ending no earlier than the year in which you attain age 55 (this exception applies only where payment is made to you directly from the Plan).
- It does not exceed the total amount of medical expenses you can deduct in the tax year of your distribution.
- It is made under a qualified domestic relations order (“QDRO”).
- It is an excess amount, which is required by Internal Revenue Code rules.

Of course, the portion of a distribution that is rolled over is also not subject to the penalty tax. That is because the portion of a distribution that is rolled over is not currently taxable to you.

Excise Tax

If you do not begin receiving your mandatory distribution by April 1 of the calendar year following the year in which you reach age 72 or, if later, the year in which you retire, you could be liable for a 50% excise tax on the portion of your Plan benefit that was not distributed on a timely basis.

SOME SITUATIONS THAT COULD AFFECT YOUR BENEFIT

There are some situations that could affect the amount of your Plan benefit or your eligibility for a benefit. Some of these situations are:

- You do not receive Pay Credits during periods you do not receive earnings (such as time on strike and certain leaves of absence without pay) or when you do not qualify as an eligible employee (for example, when you transfer to a nonparticipating Marathon affiliated company).

Retirement Plan

- Your Plan benefit is intended for you. Your Plan benefit is protected by law from claims by creditors. This includes bankruptcy. Your Plan benefit cannot be used as security for a loan, and it cannot be involuntarily transferred or assigned to anyone else, except under the terms of certain court orders known as qualified domestic relations orders (“QDROs”). In addition, a court order cannot require payment of greater benefits, determined on the basis of actuarial value, to or on behalf of a Plan participant, than provided by the Plan, regardless of divorce or other legal action. Also, if another person is paid part of your Plan benefit under a QDRO before you begin receiving your Plan benefit, your Plan benefit will be reduced. This reduction is to account for the earlier payment of part of your Plan benefit.
- If you are reemployed after you have begun to receive your Plan benefit as an annuity, your benefit payments will continue. You will earn a separate Cash Balance Retirement Benefit for the period of your reemployment.
- In some cases, your Plan benefit is paid or commences even if you do not file an election form, such as when the value of your Plan benefit after your employment ends is \$5,000 or less, or by the April 1 following the year in which you reach age 72. However, if you reach age 72 and are still employed, your benefit will not begin until your employment ends. (This is the “mandatory distribution” rule.)

Additionally, in some situations your Plan benefit will commence even if you do not file an election form on or after you attain Normal Retirement Age (age 65). Refer to the section titled “Deadline to Start Your Benefit; Automatic Start of Your Benefit Rule” for more detail on this rule.

- Under the Internal Revenue Code, there is a maximum annual benefit that can be paid from the Plan, as well as a maximum benefit that can be paid in other forms, such as the lump sum. In addition, the Internal Revenue Code limits the annual compensation that can be used in calculating your Plan benefit. Both of these limits are subject to periodic adjustment, based on cost-of-living increases. You will be notified if your benefit is restricted as a result of these limits.
- The Internal Revenue Code provides that special provisions must go into effect if the Plan ever becomes “top-heavy.” A plan becomes top-heavy only if the present value of the accrued benefits for “key employees” exceeds 60% of the present value of the total accrued benefits of all employees. Key employees are generally defined as corporate officers. Under the Internal Revenue Code, if the Plan ever were to become top-heavy, vesting would accelerate, additional minimum benefits would be provided, and other special rules would apply. It is very unlikely that the Plan ever will become top-heavy.
- If you are married and you want to elect any payment option other than a Joint and Survivor Annuity at a percentage of 50% or greater with your spouse as joint annuitant, you must obtain your spouse’s written consent, witnessed by a notary public or an authorized Plan representative.
- If the Plan is amended, merged or terminated, special rules protect the benefits you have accrued before that time.
- You are covered under the terms of the Plan when you terminate employment, and the benefits, rights and obligations of you and your spouse, joint annuitant and Beneficiary are determined by the Plan’s provisions on that date. Other than administrative changes or changes required by law, or unless a subsequent amendment otherwise specifies, any changes made to the Plan after your termination date do not affect you or any benefits payable on your behalf.



Retirement Plan

Military Service

Benefits and service credits with respect to “qualified military service” will be provided in accordance with applicable law. This applies if you take leave because of service with the U.S. armed forces and have reemployment rights under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (“USERRA”). You will be entitled to applicable benefits and service credits pursuant to the Plan for the time you spent in qualified military service provided you meet the requirements of USERRA, including proper notice and return to employment within the time prescribed by law.

Payments to Minors or Incompetent Individuals

In the case of any distribution of a Plan benefit to an individual the Plan Administrator determines is a minor or is incompetent or unable to handle properly, the Plan Administrator may, in its discretion, direct the Plan’s trustee to distribute all or part of such benefit by one or more of the following methods: (1) directly to such minor or incompetent individual; (2) to the legal guardian of such individual; or (3) to another person for the use or benefit of such individual, but only if pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

Qualified Domestic Relations Orders (“QDROs”)

The Plan Administrator complies with all distributions required by a qualified domestic relations order (“QDRO”) as defined under ERISA. The Plan may be required to pay part of your benefit to your spouse, former spouse or dependents under the terms of a QDRO. A QDRO is a state court order that meets certain legal requirements and may provide for payment of child support, spousal support, or a community or marital property settlement.

The order could include an award to a former spouse of a portion of the Plan benefit you or your beneficiary is eligible to receive. This means your Plan benefit would be reduced and the benefit payable to your surviving spouse or beneficiary would also be less.

However, a court order cannot require payment of greater benefits, determined on the basis of the Plan’s rules, to or on behalf of a participant, than provided by the Plan, regardless of divorce or other legal action. If another person is awarded part of your Plan benefit under a QDRO, your benefit will be reduced by the portion payable to him or her, adjusted to reflect the time it is paid if that is earlier than when benefits are paid to you.

You may obtain a copy of the Plan’s QDRO procedures and guidelines without charge by contacting Fidelity. Fidelity handles general QDRO review and approval matters as the delegate of the Plan Administrator for this purpose.

Unclaimed Benefits

If you or your surviving spouse or other beneficiary do not claim your Plan benefit by the required minimum distribution date of the April 1 following the year you attain (or would have attained) age 72 (or following your termination of employment, if you remain employed after that date), and the Plan Administrator is unable to determine the whereabouts of you, your surviving spouse, beneficiary or other person to whom the Plan benefit is due and owing within three years from that date, then the right to payment of the Plan benefit will be forfeited and will be returned to and become a part of the Plan’s trust fund.



Retirement Plan

This forfeited Plan benefit will be reinstated on a prospective basis, if you or your surviving spouse or beneficiary to whom the benefit is due and owing subsequently makes a written application to the Plan Administrator for payment of the benefit. The effective date for reinstatement of the benefit in this situation will be the date that the written application for the benefit is received by the Plan Administrator.

On account of this rule, as explained in the section titled “Keeping the Plan Informed of Your Address; Missing Participants and Beneficiaries” below, it is very important that you keep the Plan Administrator and Fidelity informed of your current address and other contact information as long as you have a Plan benefit.

DESIGNATION OF BENEFICIARIES

You may designate a “beneficiary” who will receive all or a portion of your vested Plan benefit in the event of your death, and you may change your designation at any time. If you change a beneficiary designation, it will revoke all prior benefit designations made by you. In order to make or change a beneficiary designation, you must follow and meet any requirements established by the Plan Administrator.

If you are married and you have a beneficiary designation which results in your spouse not being your sole beneficiary, such designation must be consented to by your spouse in writing on a form approved by the Plan Administrator and in the presence of and witnessed by a Notary Public or an authorized Plan representative. A Participant’s divorce shall automatically revoke their former spouse as a designated beneficiary on the effective date of such divorce.

The Plan only recognizes beneficiary designations submitted to the Plan in a format approved by the Plan Administrator. A beneficiary designation is effective only after it is accepted by Fidelity on behalf of the Plan Administrator and the Plan’s procedure for determining a beneficiary controls over any disposition by will or otherwise. Call 1-866-602-0595 to request a beneficiary designation form, or you may designate a beneficiary after logging on to your account at www.netbenefits.com/marathonpetroleum.

BENEFIT CLAIM AND APPEAL PROCEDURES

As explained above in the section titled “How to Apply to Start Your Plan Benefit,” if you are not satisfied with the results of your inquiry to the Marathon Benefits Center at Fidelity, you may file a formal claim. If you are not satisfied with the decision regarding your formal claim, you may then file a formal appeal of this decision. Your formal claim for benefits and, if you file an appeal of that decision, your appeal is reviewed by the Plan Administrator.

Claims Process

You (or your duly authorized representative) have the right to file a formal claim for benefits if you disagree with the response you received on your benefits inquiry from the Marathon Benefits Center at Fidelity. This would include decisions you disagree with regarding your eligibility for benefits, the amount of your benefits, or other issues impacting your benefits.

Submit your formal claim in writing to Plan Administrator at the following address:

Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan
Attn: Plan Administrator
539 South Main Street
Findlay, OH 45840

Include a copy of any written response you received from Fidelity and the information you submitted in support of your inquiry.



Retirement Plan

The Plan Administrator will consider the applicable Plan provisions, all of the information and evidence you present, and any other relevant information, including any information that the Plan Administrator may request from you to perfect your claim (in order to help establish your right to the benefit) and complete the review.

If your formal claim for benefits is denied, you will be provided with a notice of denial that contains:

- The specific reason(s) for the denial.
- A specific reference to the plan provision(s) on which the denial is based.
- Descriptions of any additional information that is necessary to perfect your claim and an explanation of why this information is necessary.
- An explanation of the Plan's appeal review procedure.

If your claim is denied in whole or in part, you will receive an adverse benefit determination within 90 days of the date your formal claim is received by the Plan Administrator, unless special circumstances require an additional 90 days to process your claim. If an extension of time is required, you will be given written notice prior to the beginning of the extension period. The notice will indicate the special circumstances that require an extension of time and the date by which the plan expects the final decision to be rendered.

Appeals Process

If you disagree with the calculation of your benefit under the Retirement Plan or your claim is denied in whole or in part, you (or your duly authorized representative) may appeal this adverse benefit determination by submitting an appeal to the Plan Administrator at the following address:

Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan
Attn: Plan Administrator
539 South Main Street
Findlay, OH 45840

Your appeal must be submitted within 60 days of your receipt of the claim denial and should include a written statement:

- Requesting a review of your Plan benefit calculation or the denial of a request for a benefit;
- Setting forth any new or different information upon which the appeal of the denial is based, and all facts in support thereof; and
- Including all issues or comments which you feel are relevant to the appeal.

If you (or your duly authorized representative) do not submit a written letter appealing to the claim denial within the 60-day deadline, you will be unable to file an appeal thereafter.

You may review pertinent documents to prepare your appeal at no charge to you. Upon your request, you may receive, free of charge, reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the decision on your claim. In addition, the Plan Administrator may request additional information from you to perfect your appeal and complete the review.

You will receive a written decision on your appeal within 60 days of the Plan's receipt of your appeal, unless special circumstances require an extension of time for processing. In that event, a decision will be rendered as soon as possible, but not later than 120 days after receipt of your appeal.



Retirement Plan

The decision on your appeal will be provided to you in writing. It will include the reasons for the decision, a reference to the specific Plan provision(s) on which the determination was made, a statement that you are entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim, and a statement of your rights to bring an action under ERISA Section 502(a).

Electronic Notification

The Plan Administrator may provide any written or other notification under these benefit claim and appeal procedures in electronic format (for example, by email).

Effect of the Plan Administrator's Decision

The decision of the Plan Administrator on your appeal is final, conclusive, and not subject to further review. The Plan Administrator has complete discretionary authority to interpret and administer the Plan and make factual decisions regarding eligibility, payment of benefits, and other Plan-related issues.

After the Claims and Appeals Process has Concluded

If, following exhaustion of the Plan's claims and appeals procedures, you still believe that you are entitled to a benefit under the Plan, you may file a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a).

Requirement to Exhaust the Administrative Review Process

If you do not file a claim, follow the claims process, or appeal on time, you will give up your legal rights, including the right to file a civil action in federal court because you will not have exhausted your internal administrative appeal rights. Generally, you must exhaust your internal administrative appeal rights before you can bring a civil action in federal court.

Deadline to Bring a Legal Action

Any suit or legal action initiated by you regarding a benefit claim under the Plan must be brought by you no later than one year following the final decision on your benefit claim under these claims and appeals procedures. The one-year statute of limitations on suits for benefits applies in any forum where you choose to initiate such suit or legal action. If a suit or legal action is not filed within this period, your benefit claim is deemed permanently waived and abandoned, and you are precluded from reasserting it.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

Plan Administrator

The Plan Administrator is identified in the "Other Plan Information" section.

The Plan Administrator is responsible for, among other things:

- Determining (a) your eligibility to participate in the Plan, (b) the right of a person to a benefit under the Plan, (c) the amount of any Plan benefit, and (d) the final decision on all benefit claims appeals.
- All other Plan administration purposes.



Retirement Plan

The Plan Administrator has all powers necessary to accomplish its Plan duties. This includes the complete and absolute and sole discretion to interpret the Plan and all matters of fact with respect to its particular duties, including any eligibility and benefit determinations, and whether any individual is entitled to receive any benefits under the Plan. All decisions of the Plan Administrator made on all matters within the scope of its authority are final and binding upon all persons, including Marathon, any trustee, all participants and beneficiaries, and their heirs and personal representative, and all labor unions or other similar organizations representing participants. The standard of judicial review that applies to any determination made by the Plan Administrator is the “arbitrary and capricious” standard of review.

Delegation of Duties

The Plan Administrator may delegate any of its powers or duties, including claims administration and benefit payments. Accordingly, the Plan Administrator may appoint subcommittees, individuals, assistant plan administrators or other agents or third-party service providers as it deems advisable and may delegate, with such delegation conferring fiduciary status upon the delegate, to such appointees any or all of the powers and duties of the Plan Administrator.

The determinations of the Plan Administrator shall be conclusive in respect to all matters involved in the administration of the Retirement Plan except as otherwise provided in the Retirement Plan document or by law.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Keeping the Plan Informed of Your Address; Missing Participants and Beneficiaries

You must keep your current mailing address and the current mailing addresses of your spouse and beneficiary on file with the Plan, such as through Fidelity, the Plan’s recordkeeper. In addition, keep current your other contact information, such as, your email address and phone number.

If you do not provide the Plan with your current mailing address, Fidelity, the Plan Administrator, the Trustee, Marathon, the Participating Employers, and any fiduciary under the Plan will not be responsible for late or lost benefit payments or for failing to provide any timely notice under the terms of the Plan.

If the Plan Administrator is unable to locate you, your spouse, or a beneficiary after a Plan benefit becomes payable to such person, the benefit will remain in the Trust and will be handled as required under applicable law and Plan rules. As explained in the section titled “Unclaimed Benefits” above, this could result in a forfeiture of the Plan benefit.

Incorrect Computation of Benefits

If you believe the amount of the benefit you receive from the Plan is incorrect, you should notify the Plan Administrator in writing.

If the Plan Administrator determines that you or your beneficiary was not paid your full benefit required under the Plan, the Plan will pay the unpaid benefit.

Similarly, if the Plan overpaid your or your beneficiary’s Plan benefit, you or your beneficiary will be required to repay the amount of the overpayment to the Plan to the extent permitted by federal law. The Plan Administrator may make reasonable arrangements with you for repayment; for example, by reducing future benefits under the Plan.



Retirement Plan

Recovery of Overpayments and Payments Made by Mistake

Errors, omissions or mistakes in the administration and operation of the Plan do not entitle you to receive more than your correct benefit. If you are paid more than your actual Plan benefit, you are required repay the overpayment if requested to do so by the Plan Administrator. Marathon and the Plan Administrator reserve the right to correct any mistake in any reasonable manner, including but not limited to, adjusting the amount of future benefit payments, repaying to the Plan any overpayment, or making corrective payments to a participant or beneficiary for an underpayment.

No Right to Employment

Nothing in the Retirement Plan gives you a right to remain in employment or affects Marathon's, any other Participating Employer's or any affiliate's right to terminate your employment at any time and for any reason (which right is hereby reserved).

FUTURE OF THE PLAN

Marathon currently intends to continue the Plan, but may amend (change) or terminate (end) the Plan at any time and for any reason.

The following generally describes what will happen if the Plan is changed, terminated, merged or consolidated.

Changes

If the Plan is changed, none of the changes will:

- Reduce any employee's accrued benefit at the time of the change, except as permitted by law.
- Cause any Plan assets to be used for purposes other than providing benefits under the Plan and paying the expenses of administering the Plan.

Termination

If the Plan is terminated, you will become vested in the benefit you had accrued up to the date of termination. To the extent required to provide the benefits accrued under the Plan, the assets of the Plan will be allocated among all Plan participants and their spouses, joint annuitants and beneficiaries according to the terms of ERISA.

If the Plan has assets in excess of the amount required to fully provide for the accrued benefits, the excess will be returned to the Participating Employers. If the Plan is terminated, the Participating Employers will have no further obligation to make contributions to the Plan, but the Plan trust will continue until all funded benefits have been distributed to Plan participants and their spouses, joint annuitants and beneficiaries.

If the trust fund is insufficient to pay all benefits that were accrued before the termination of the Plan, Marathon will make up the difference to the extent required by federal law.



Retirement Plan

Partial Termination

If the Plan has a partial termination (as defined in Internal Revenue Code section 411(d)(3)), as determined by Marathon, those participants who are affected by the partial termination will become vested in their accrued benefits. If the accrued benefits of those participants and their spouses, joint annuitants and beneficiaries are not fully funded, then, to the extent required by federal law, Marathon will establish a method to separately account for the portion of the trust fund that is attributable to their accrued benefits. Any such separate accounting will be consistent with the requirements under ERISA.

Merger or Consolidation

If the Plan is merged or consolidated with another plan or if Plan assets and liabilities are transferred to another plan, to the extent required by ERISA, your accrued benefit immediately after the event will at least equal your accrued benefit immediately before the event.

Participating Employer Ceases to Participate in the Plan

If your Participating Employer ceases to participate in the Plan, your Plan benefit will remain in and be governed by the Plan, and, unless otherwise provided for by a change to the Plan, and no further Pay Credits will be made to your notional Cash Balance account.

PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION (“PBGC”)

Your pension benefits under the Plan are insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (“PBGC”), a federal insurance agency. If the Plan terminates (ends) without enough money to pay all benefits, the PBGC will step in to pay pension benefits. Most people receive all of the pension benefits they would have received under their plan, but some people may lose certain benefits.

The PBGC guarantee generally covers all of the following:

- Normal and early retirement benefits.
- Disability benefits if you become disabled before the Plan terminates.
- Certain benefits for your survivors.

The PBGC guarantee generally does not cover:

- Benefits greater than the maximum guaranteed amount set by law for the year in which the Plan terminates.
- Some or all of benefit increases and new benefits based on Plan provisions that have been in place for fewer than five years at the time the Plan terminates.
- Benefits that are not vested because you have not worked long enough for Marathon and/or members of the Marathon Controlled Group.
- Benefits for which you have not met all of the requirements at the time the Plan terminates.
- Certain early retirement payments (such as supplemental benefits that stop when you become eligible for Social Security) that result in an early retirement monthly benefit greater than your monthly benefit at the Plan’s normal retirement age.
- Non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, certain death benefits, vacation pay and severance pay.



Retirement Plan

Even if certain of your benefits are not guaranteed, you still may receive some of those benefits from the PBGC, depending on how much money the Plan has and how much the PBGC collects from employers.

IMPORTANT: The PBGC generally does not permit a guaranteed benefit to be paid in the form of a lump sum. When paying a guaranteed benefit, the PBGC will only pay a lump sum when the value of the benefit is \$5,000 or less.

For more information about the PBGC and the benefits it guarantees, ask your plan administrator or contact the PBGC's Technical Assistance Division, 1200 K Street N.W., Suite 930, Washington, D.C. 20005-4026, or call 1-202-326-4000 (not a toll-free number). TTY/TDD users can call the federal relay service toll-free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 1-202-326-4000.

Additional information about the PBGC's pension insurance program is available through the PBGC's website on the internet at www.pbgc.gov.

YOUR RIGHTS UNDER ERISA

As a participant in the Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA.

Receive Information About Your Plans and Benefits

You have the right to:

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites, all plan documents governing the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and a copy of the latest annual reports (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plans with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of the documents governing the operation of the Plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and an updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial reports. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of the summary annual reports.
- Obtain a statement specifying whether you have a right to receive a pension at your normal retirement age (age 65), and if so, what your benefits would be at your normal retirement age if you stop working under the Plan now. If you are not fully vested, the statement will tell you how many more years you must work to be fully vested. This statement must be requested in writing and is not required to be given more than once every 12 months. The Plan must provide the statement free of charge.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries.

No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a pension benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.



Retirement Plan

Enforce Your Rights

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance:

- If you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.
- If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or federal court.
- If you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a domestic relations order, you may file suit in federal court.
- If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court.

If you file suit, the court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Your Questions

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210.

You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-3272 or by logging on to the internet at www.dol/ebsa/publications/.

Retirement Plan

OTHER PLAN INFORMATION

Plan Name	Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan
Plan Number	001
Plan Sponsor and Employer Identification Number (EIN)	Marathon Petroleum Company LP EIN: 31-1537655
Participating Employers	Marathon Petroleum Company LP Marathon Petroleum Service Company Marathon Petroleum Logistics Services LLC Marathon Refining Logistics Services LLC
Plan Administrator (and agent for service of legal process)	Administrative Committee for the Marathon Petroleum Retirement Plan 539 South Main Street Findlay, OH 45840 Phone: 419-422-2121
Type of Plan	The Plan is a defined benefit plan intended to be qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
Plan Year	January 1 – December 31
Trustee (service of legal process may also be made on the Trustee)	The Northern Trust Company 50 South LaSalle Street Chicago, IL 60603
Recordkeeper	Fidelity Workplace Services LLC (“Fidelity”) 82 Devonshire Street Boston, Massachusetts 02109 Phone: 1-866-602-0595 www.netbenefits.com/marathonpetroleum Certain of the Plan’s administrative functions are delegated to Fidelity.
Plan Funding	The Plan is funded solely through a trust fund (the “Trust”). The Trust exists for the exclusive benefit of the Plan’s participants and their beneficiaries. Marathon provides all contributions to fund the trust.
Collectively Bargained Plan	With respect to certain eligible employees, the Plan is maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements. A copy of the collective bargaining agreement may be obtained by participants and beneficiaries whose rights are governed by such collective bargaining agreement upon written request to the Plan Administrator and also is available for examination by participants and beneficiaries as specified under Department of Labor Regulations Section 2520.104b-30.
Inspection of Plan Documents	To the extent required by ERISA, Plan documents may be inspected by making a request at any Company Human Resources office or by written request to: HR – Thrift & Retirement Marathon Petroleum Company LP 539 South Main Street Findlay, OH 45840